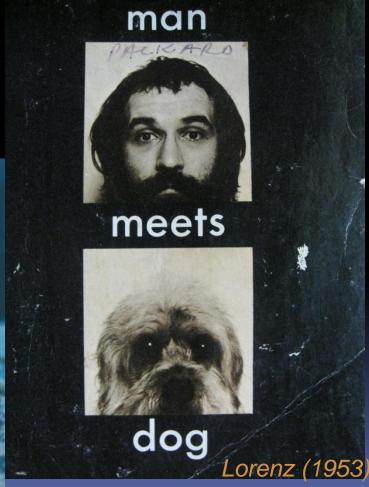
Ethological perspectives

#### MAN MEETS WOLF

Jane M. Packard, Texas A&M University
Canine Science Forum 2008

To understand our dogs, we need to know their ancestors, mar the wolves



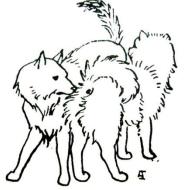


#### Thank you!

- **Graphics:** Lorenz (1953) Man Meets Dog; L.D. Mech (1991:54); Macdonald (19) Encyclopedia of Mammals
- Photos: Mech (1988, 1991, 1992); B. G. Packard
- People: Erich Klinghammer, Konrad Lorenz, Erik Zimen, Sybille Schafer Kalas, Luigi Boitani, Peter Colin, Dave Mech, Ulie Seal, Marc Bekoff, Don Siniff, Bob Ream, Jose Bernal Stoopen, Kristy Wicker, Linda Thurston, Doug Smith, Martin & Barbara Packard, E.T. Ash
- Places: Canine Science Forum at Eotvos Lorand University, Swarthmore College, Max Plank Institute fur Verhaltensphysiologie, University of Minnesota, University of Florida, Texas A&M University, Yellowstone National Park,

#### Dedication





5. CANINE CUSTOMS

MAN MEETS



DOG

KONRAD Z. LORENZ

Lorenz (1953)

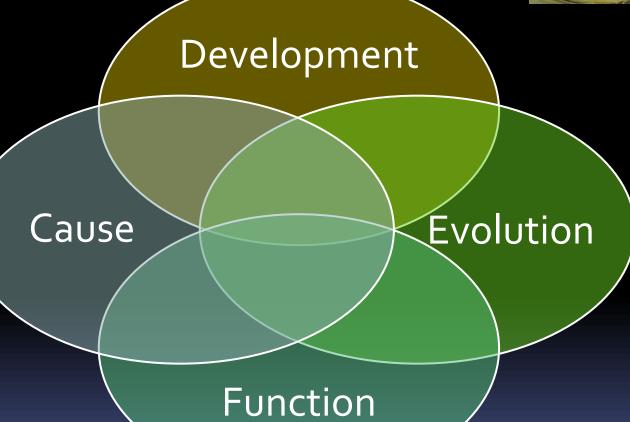




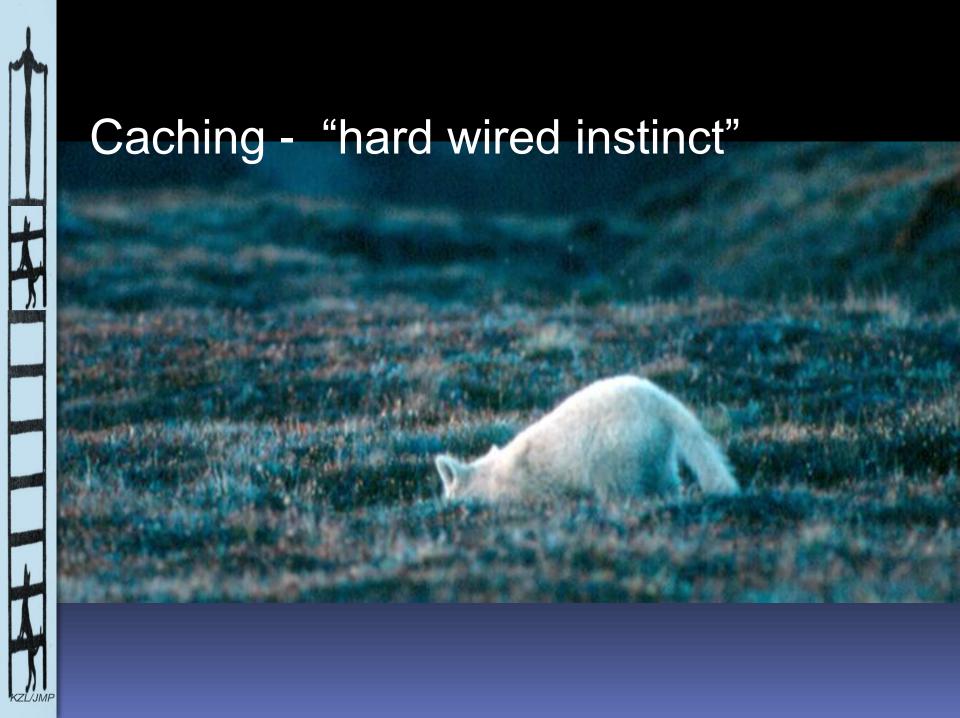








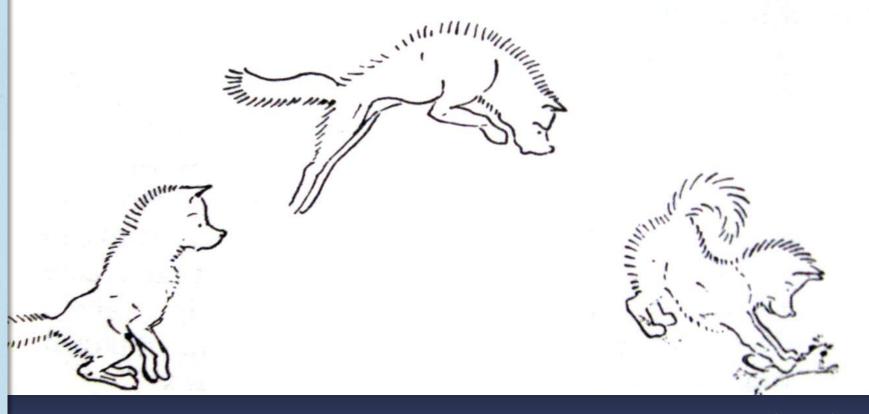
Tinbergen 1952



#### CACHING- ethological perspectives

- CAUSE? extra meat & full belly
- DEVELOPMENT?
  - action fully formed when it first occurs;
  - details are fine-tuned with experience
- FUNCTION?
  - Those that cached had a "full pantry"
  - when prey scarcity varied in short term
- EVOLUTION?
  - Ancestral trait
  - Similar in all canid species

#### Mouse pounce - "hard wired instinct"

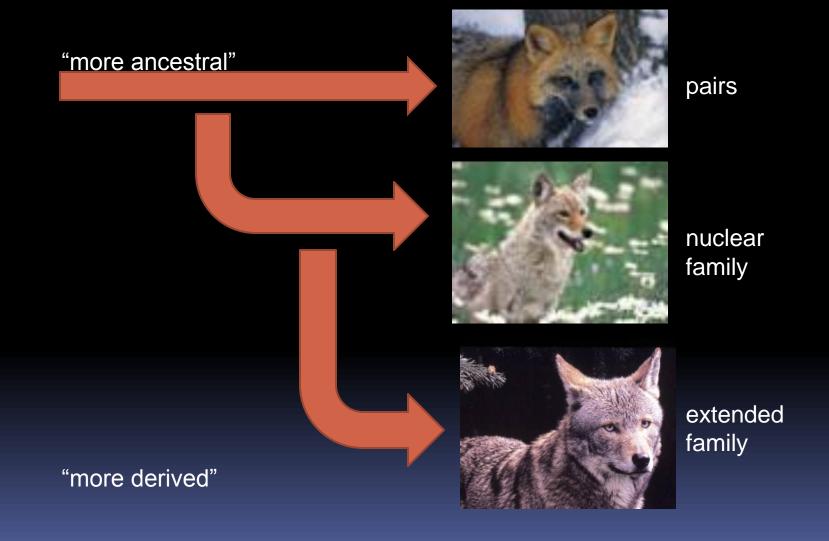


Lorenz (1953)

#### POUNCING- ethological perspectives

- CAUSE? rustling sound in the grass
- **DEVELOPMENT?** 
  - action fully formed when it first occurs;
  - details are fine-tuned with experience
- FUNCTION?
  - those that pounced, learn to catch
  - those that learned, ate well on their own
- EVOLUTION?
  - Ancestral trait
  - Similar in all canid species

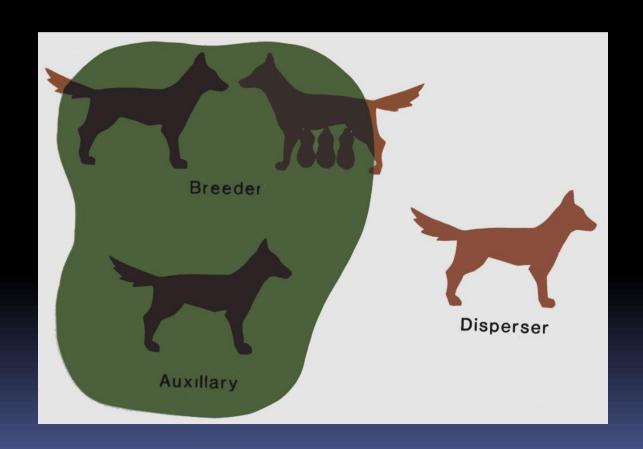
#### **EVOLUTION?** Comparative method



# CAUSE: dispersal threshold-wolves likely to stay home longer

Across species, age of dispersal correlated with:

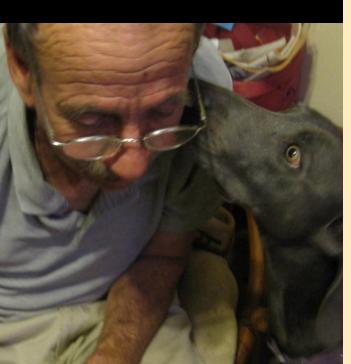
- body size
- maturation
- play profiles
- conflict profiles
- clumped food
- competitors



# Why were wolves pre-adapted for life with humans?

- was it their family life...
- or our family life....

...or both?















Ellesmere Island

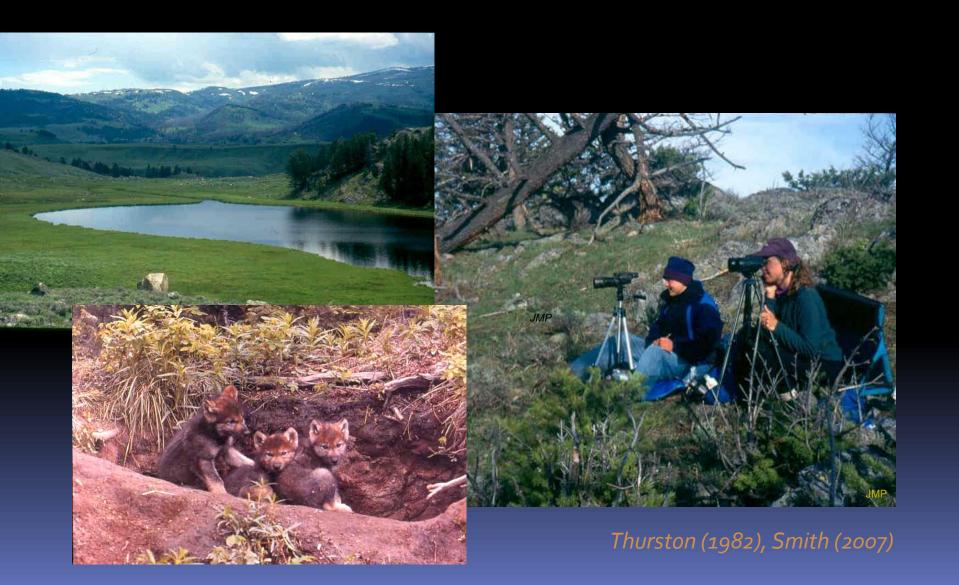
Minnesota 🗸

Yellowstone





#### Yellowstone National Park





#### Who cares more, Mom or Dad?

- Depends on the family, pup age & the year
- Dad feeds nursing Mom up to 3 wks, then
- Both hunt & deliver food

Internal: prolactin

Stimulus : pups

**Context**: prey varies

In space & time

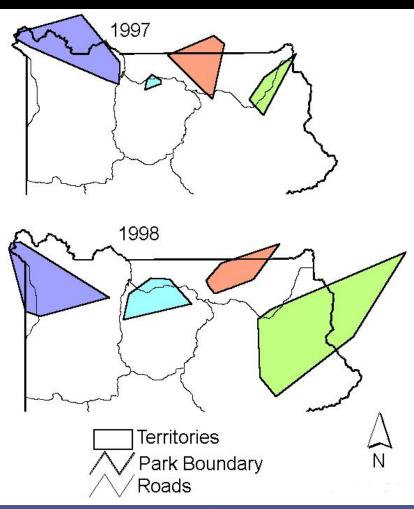


(Thurston 2001)

### Wolf families live separated

- Families defend territories
- Hundred(s) of square km
- Changes from year to year influenced by prey & dens

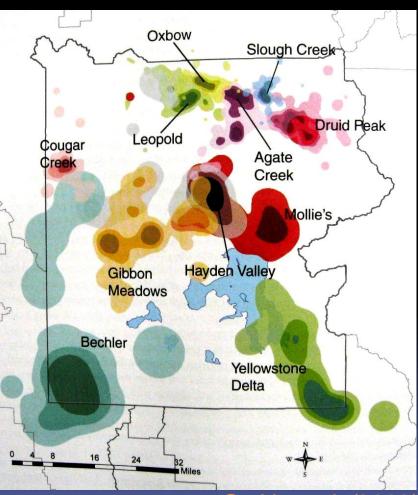




#### Wolf families- living room

- Yellowstone- neighborhood
- colors- separate families
- dark cores- preferred sites
- overlap=> conflict

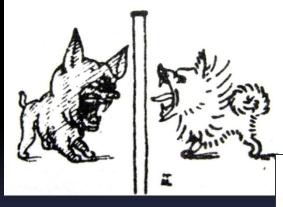




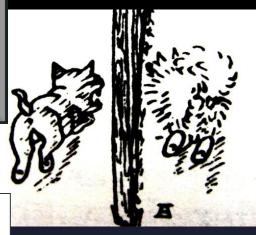
Smith et al. (2008)

#### Why fight across fences?



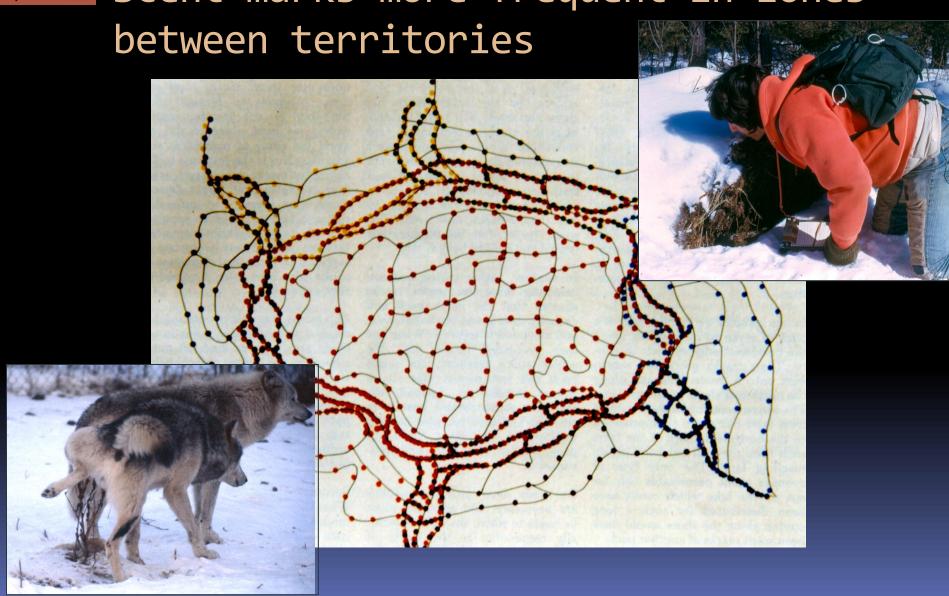








Scent marks more frequent in zones

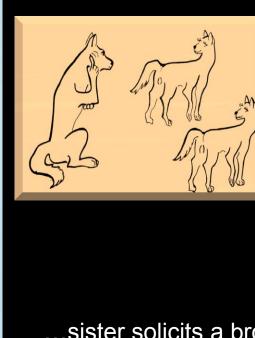


# Those that advertised, attracted mates & repelled rivals









#### CAUSE: Mate choice

...sister solicits a brother...

Dogs- what a contrast!

...who is not interested!

#### CAUSE: Same-sex conflict

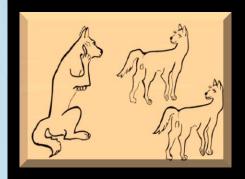
6-year old son challenges father...



"she was petting me!"
"no, me"

KZL

...re. attention from mom



## CAUSE: only one female breeds in a family?

- NOT: physiological suppression due to stress
- Moms are more attractive
- only if there is no other choice

Adult offspring ovulate, don't copulate...



Mother pins daughter, who rolls....



...she is conditioned to de-escalate conflict

Father is with his mate, when he sees....



....something going on in the back woods...

...a 2-year old son is mounting his younger sister, behind a tree ...



...Father breaks up the interaction among his offspring...



...returns to guard his mate...



....when he sees the son "misbehaving" again...

....this time Father need only approach...



...and the son is conditioned to roll over,

....showing he "knows his place"...

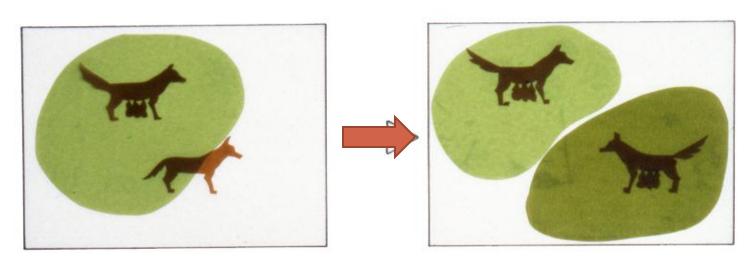


....and has learned when it is better to de-escalate conflict!

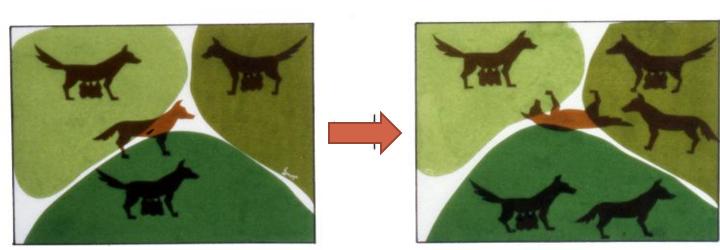


## FUNCTION: changing density

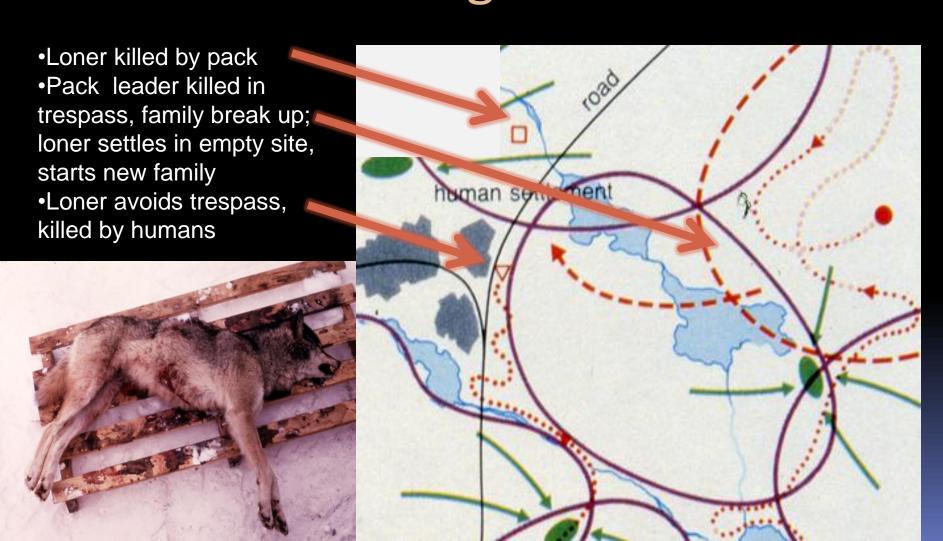
LOW DENSITY N.W. Minn



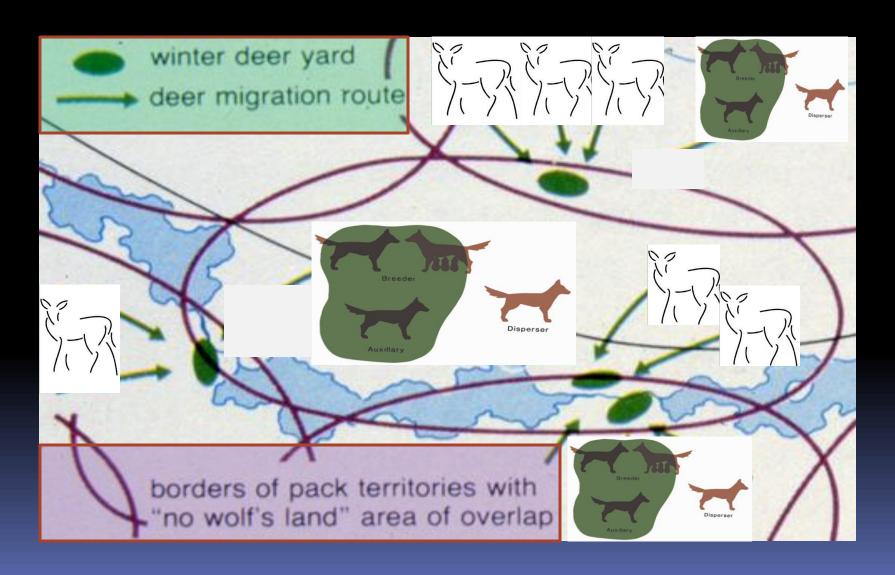
HIGH DENSITY N.E. Minn.



# Trespassing - Lethal fights between strangers

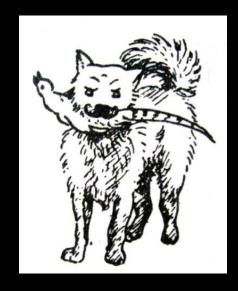


### Deer survive where wolves seldom go?





## CAUSE? families feed pups







## FUNCTION: varying prey

 bigger predators can kill big prey that is not available to smaller predators

when big prey leave, predators compete for

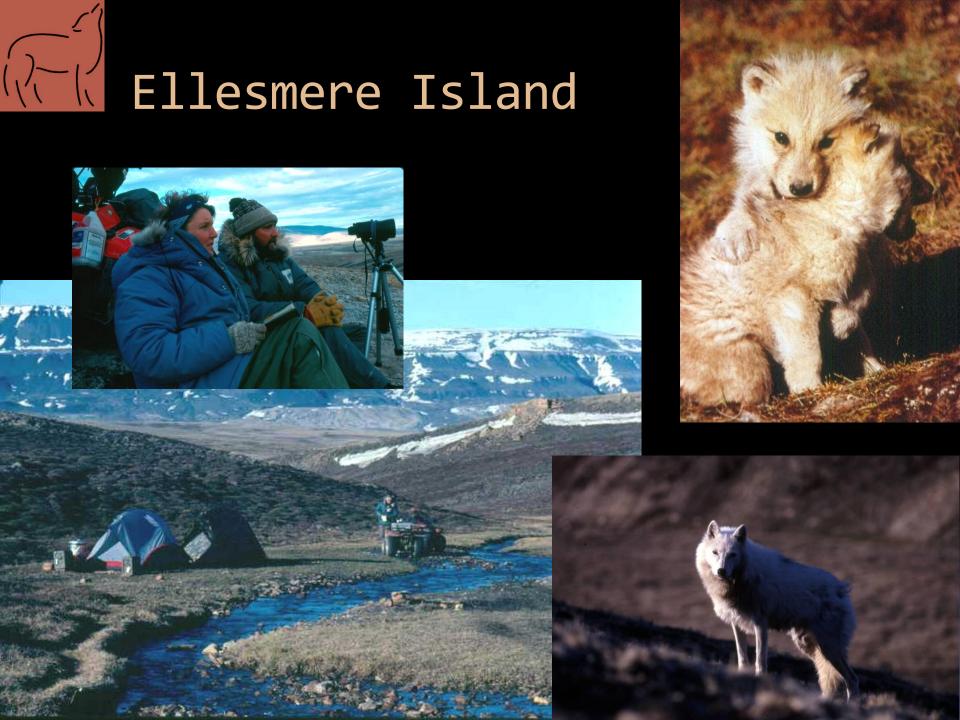
small prey



## FUNCTION: adaptation to a changing environment

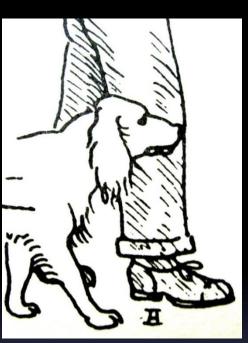
- in times of plenty- everyone fed
- during food scarcity- only the good learners survived

Those that learned when to escalate....
... and when to de-escalate during conflict.



DEVELOPMENT? Pups learn in a social context "follow family members who bring food"





# DEVELOPMENT: individuals learn what to expect from the specific environment into which they are born

- <u>Social</u>- who delivers?Who steals?
- physical- what is prey? How to catch it?
- <u>ability to learn</u> conditional cues over a wide range of environmental conditions

..watching for parents to deliver....



A hare carcass is delivered...



....one pup takes possession...

...a second pup watches for a chance ...



....to get a bite on the side...

...third pup waits....



...while the other two feed...



...between pups feeding at the carcass..

...third pup seizes the window of opportunity...



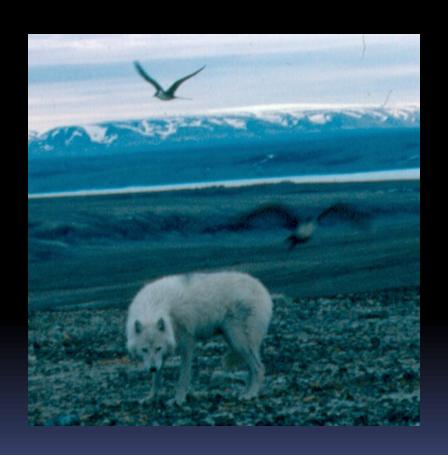
...while the others are distracted...

...the patient pup steals the food..



...and the others learn the consequences of their actions!







## CAUSE: how do we learn body language?



### **DEVELOPMENT:** do we learn

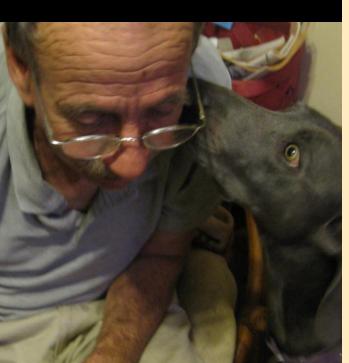
languages most easily during a sensitive period?



## Why were wolves pre-adapted for life with humans?

- was it their family life...
- or our family life....

...or both?







FUNCTION: is the ability to "learn languages" an adaptation to a fluctuating environment?







IT MAY HAVE STARTED

KI 7

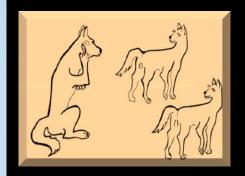
EVOLUTIONARY HISTORY: why did the ancestors of dogs and humans co-evolve?





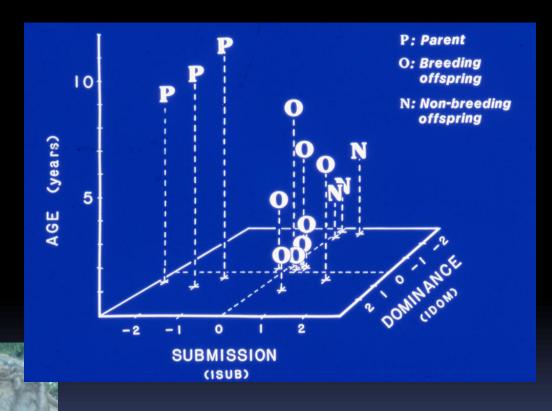
## Many times in many places!!





### CAUSE: Mate choice

- Behavioral profiles change with age
- experienced parents are more attractive









Cause Evolution

**Function** 

Tinbergen 1952