

## CHAPTER 3 – PLANNING AND SCHEDULING

### Assumptions and Rules

- The machine scheduling problem (MSP) has an associated order-requirement weighted digraph.
- *In this class*, the times given for tasks are assumed to be given in minutes, unless you are told otherwise in the problem.
- The tasks are arranged in a **priority list** that is independent of the digraph.
- No processor stays idle if there is a task to be done.
- If a processor starts working on a task, the work will continue until that task is complete. No multitasking is allowed.

A task is considered **ready** if all its predecessors in the digraph have been completed.

### List Processing Algorithm

1. **Assignment of Processors:** The lowest numbered idle processor is assigned to the highest priority ready task until either all of the processors are assigned or all of the ready tasks are being worked on.
2. **Status Check:** When a processor completes a task, that processor becomes idle. Check for ready tasks and tasks not yet completed and determine which of the following applies:
  - a. If there are ready tasks, repeat Step 1.
  - b. If there are no ready tasks but not every task has been completed, the idle processor remains idle until more tasks are completed.
  - c. If all tasks are completed, the job is done.

### **Independent Tasks**

When the tasks are independent, they can be performed in any order.

Thus, the associated order-requirement digraph has no edges. There are different algorithms that can be used to schedule independent tasks, but we will use the List Processing Algorithm in this class.



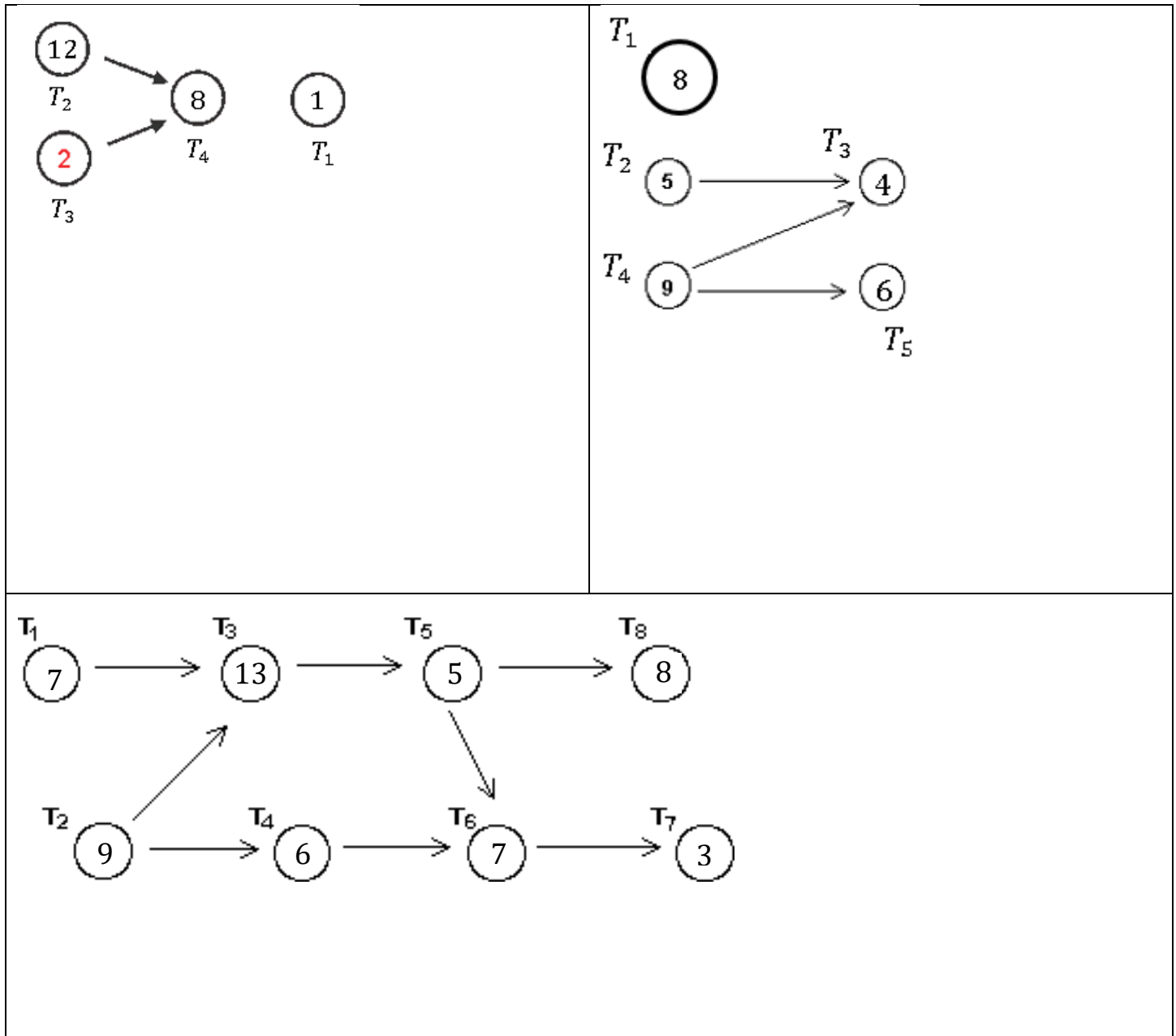




### Creating a Priority List for Critical Path Scheduling

1. Find a task that heads a critical (longest) path in the order-requirement digraph. If there is a tie, chose the lowest task number.
2. Place the task found in Step 1 next in the priority list.
3. Remove the task found in Step 1 from the digraph. Remove all edges attached to the removed task to form a new diagram.
4. If all tasks have been removed, the list is completed. If tasks remain, return to step 1.

Create a critical path priority list for the digraphs below





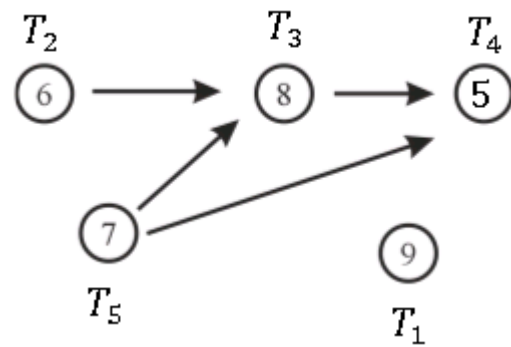






2. Using the given graph, determine the critical path priority list.

- (A)  $T_5, T_2, T_1, T_3, T_4$
- (B)  $T_5, T_2, T_3, T_1, T_4$
- (C)  $T_1, T_3, T_5, T_2, T_4$
- (D)  $T_2, T_5, T_3, T_4, T_1$
- (E) None of these/need more information



3. What is the minimum time required to perform eight independent tasks with a total task time of 48 minutes on four machines if no task takes more than 11 minutes?

- (A) 6 minutes
- (B) 8 minutes
- (C) 11 minutes
- (D) 12 minutes
- (E) None of these/need more information

4. Use the decreasing-time-list processing algorithm to schedule these independent tasks on two machines:

4 minutes, 6 minutes, 8 minutes, 3 minutes, 5 minutes, 9 minutes

How much time does the resulting schedule require?

- (A) 16 minutes
- (B) 17 minutes
- (C) 18 minutes
- (D) 19 minutes
- (E) None of these/need more information

