Topic #12

ETHICS IN RESEARCH

Ethics

- truth in reporting
  - accurate reporting of rsch
  - plagiarism
- treatment of research participants
- internal vs. external controls and checks

Some Terms, Concepts, and Definitions

1. Ethical—A piece of behavioral research is ethical when the benefits and relevance of research balance costs in time and risks of harm to participants, when their interests and well-being are respected, and when they are properly informed about the nature of the research and the voluntary nature of their participation.

2. Research Ethics are guidelines to research decision-making.

3. Informed Consent and Voluntary Participation—an agreement with participants that clarifies the nature of the research and the responsibilities of each party.

  - should be documented in writing
  - ensures that participation is VOLUNTARY

  - elements of a consent form:
    - topic domain—what is the study about?
    - one of N participants
    - time
    - risks and costs
    - benefits
    - confidentiality or anonymity of responses or lack thereof
    - withdrawal and associated penalties, if any, for doing so
    - IRB review if required
    - researcher contact information
    - IRB contact information
    - signed copy, by both researcher and participant, for both participant and researcher
4. **Deception**
   - The first and primary concern should be the welfare of participants.
   - Is the use of deception absolutely necessary to accomplish research objectives?
   - Weigh potential costs against potential gains.
   - When deception is used, one should not only debrief, but should desensitize as well.

5. **Debriefing**—debriefing participants about any deception that was used in the study. This also increases their understanding.

6. **Desensitizing**—eliminating any undesirable influences that the experiment may have had on participants—that is, debriefing participants about their behavior. One should not either debrief or desensitize when doing so will result in more harm than NOT doing so.

7. **Ethical Dilemma**—investigator's conflict in weighing potential cost to participant against potential gain to be accrued from the research project.

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**ETHICAL PRINCIPLES OF PSYCHOLOGISTS AND CODE OF CONDUCT (2010)**

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8. **Truth in Reporting**
   - plagiarism
   - accurate reporting