

Problem:

Let $x = u^2 - \cos v$, $y = e^u + v^2$, $\begin{pmatrix} u(t) \\ v(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin t \\ 2 \cos t \end{pmatrix}$. Calculate $\frac{dx}{dt}$ and $\frac{dy}{dt}$ when $t = \pi$.

Solution:

$$\text{Let } f = \begin{pmatrix} x(u, v) \\ y(u, v) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} u^2 - \cos v \\ e^u + v^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Compute the Jacobian of f , then substitute the values of $u(t)$ and $v(t)$:

$$J(f) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2u & \sin v \\ e^u & 2v \end{pmatrix}$$
$$J(f) \Big|_{\substack{u=\sin t \\ v=2 \cos t}} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \sin t & \sin(2 \cos t) \\ e^{\sin t} & 4 \cos t \end{pmatrix}$$

Compute the derivatives of $u(t)$ and $v(t)$ with respect to t :

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} u(t) \\ v(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{du}{dt} \\ \frac{dv}{dt} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos t \\ -2 \sin t \end{pmatrix}$$

By the Chain Rule:

$$J(f) \Big|_{\substack{u=\sin t \\ v=2 \cos t}} \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} u(t) \\ v(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{dx}{dt} \\ \frac{dy}{dt} \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \sin t & \sin(2 \cos t) \\ e^{\sin t} & 4 \cos t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos t \\ -2 \sin t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \sin t \cos t - 2 \sin t \sin(2 \cos t) \\ e^{\sin t} \cos t - 8 \sin t \cos t \end{pmatrix}$$

Substituting $t = \pi$:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \sin \pi \cos \pi + 2 \sin \pi \sin(2 \cos \pi) \\ e^{\sin \pi} \cos \pi - 8 \sin \pi \cos \pi \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{dx}{dt} \\ \frac{dy}{dt} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} \Big|_{t=\pi} = 0 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{t=\pi} = -1$$