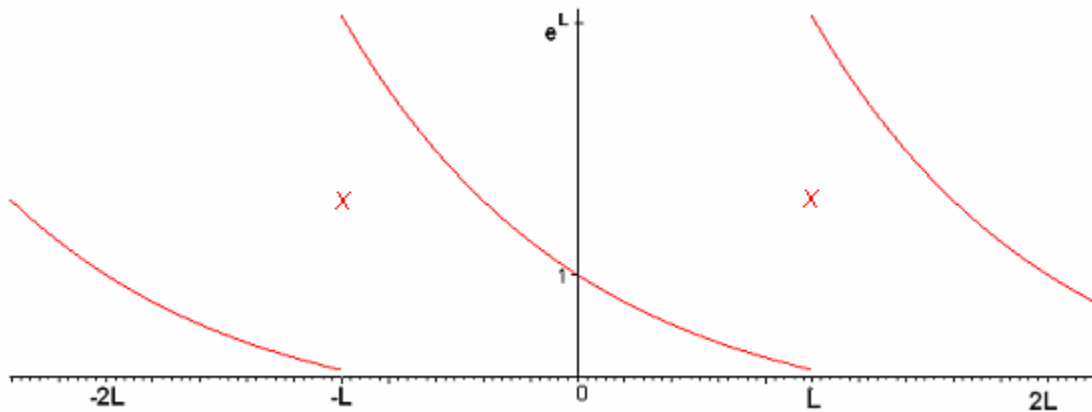


In this problem, we are asked to sketch the Fourier series of  $f(x)$  (on the interval  $-L \leq x \leq L$ ) and determine the Fourier coefficients.

(b)  $f(x) = e^{-x}$

The sketch of the Fourier series is the periodic extension of  $f(x)$ , with period  $2L$ .



The Fourier coefficients are found by:

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^L e^{-x} dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L e^{-x} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L e^{-x} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$a_0$ :

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^L e^{-x} dx = \frac{1}{2L} [-e^{-x}]_{-L}^L$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} [e^L - e^{-L}]$$

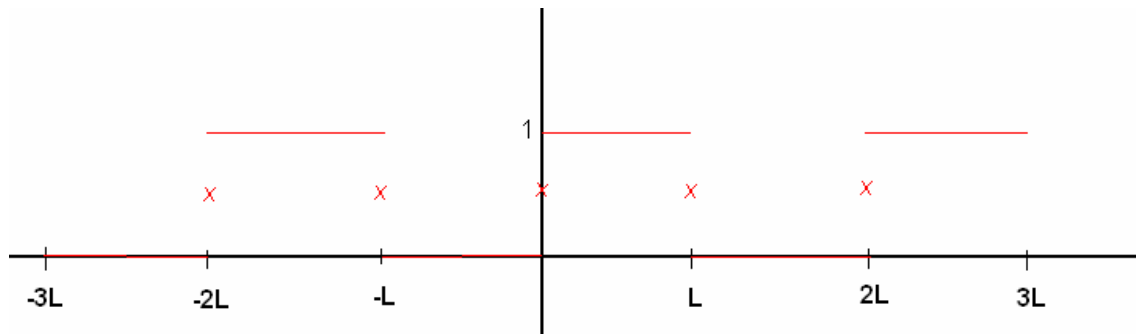
$a_n$  and  $b_n$  are found using the integration by parts technique. The solutions generated by Maple 10 software, then simplified, are as follows:

$$a_n = \frac{2 \cos(n\pi) \sinh(L)}{L + \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{L}}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2n\pi \cos(n\pi) \sinh(L)}{L^2 + n^2 \pi^2}$$

(f) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

The Fourier series sketch of this is again the  $2L$  periodic extension:



The Fourier coefficients are found by:

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2L} \int_0^L 1 dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L 1 \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L 1 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

Solving each of these integrals is much simpler than in part (b). The solutions are:

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1 - \cos(n\pi)}{n\pi} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{n\pi} & , n \text{ is odd} \\ 0 & , n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$