

4) Find the first three nonzero terms in the Maclaurin series for $y = \sec(x)$

$$\sec(x) = \frac{1}{\cos(x)}.$$

We want to use the MacLaurin series for $\cos(x)$ and perform long division. Note we only want the first three non-zero terms not the general formula for the series.

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(x) &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n}}{(2n)!} = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \dots \\ &\quad \overline{1 + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{5x^4}{24} + \dots} \\ \left(-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{24}x^4 - \dots \right) \overline{1 + 0x^2 + 0x^4 + 0x^6 + \dots} \\ &\quad - \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} - \frac{x^6}{720} + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \overline{\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{x^6}{720} - \dots} \\ &\quad - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^6}{48} - \dots \right) \\ &\quad \overline{\frac{5x^4}{24} - \frac{7x^6}{360} + \dots} \end{aligned}$$

Scratch work for the long division

$$\frac{-x^4}{24} - \frac{-x^4}{4} = -\frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{x^4}{4} = -\frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{6x^4}{24} = \frac{5x^4}{24}$$

$$\frac{x^6}{720} - \frac{x^6}{48} = \frac{x^6}{720} - \frac{15x^6}{720} = \frac{-14x^6}{720} = \frac{-7x^6}{360}$$

Answer.

$$\sec(x) \approx 1 + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{5x^4}{24}$$